

Water Resources Division's

Aquatic Invasive Species of the Week!

FOR THE WEEK OF:

January 13-19, 2014

European Water-Clover

Marsilea quadrifolia

Origin: Europe and Asia

Also known as: Four leaf clover, water shamrock

Current Distribution: Isolated sightings in southeast

Michigan. Also reported in Ohio, Illinois, Iowa, and Missouri.

Widespread occurrences in the northeast US.

Means of Introduction: First observed in Connecticut in 1860. Subsequent spread likely through the water garden and aquarium plant trade.

Description: Aquatic, rooted fern that grows in shallow and slow-moving waters; resembles a four leaf clover. Reproduces vegetatively and by its sporocarps. Sporocarps are modified leaves containing spores that are able to germinate under favorable conditions.

Impacts: Can form dense stands and outcompete native aquatic plants for habitat.

Interesting Note: The European water-clover is considered to be anti-inflammatory. It's thought to be a medicinal herb; often used to treat snakebites and abscesses. Note: DEQ is not endorsing this as a form of medical treatment. Seek a medical professional for advice!

For more information on European water-clover, visit the Midwest Invasive Species Information Network website: www.misin.msu.edu

For more information on Michigan's AIS Program: www.michigan.gov/aquaticinvasives



Photos above and below: Leslie J. Mehrhoff, University of Connecticut, Bugwood.org



Up close photo of <u>sporocarps</u>

